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## INTRODUCTION ( from original grant)

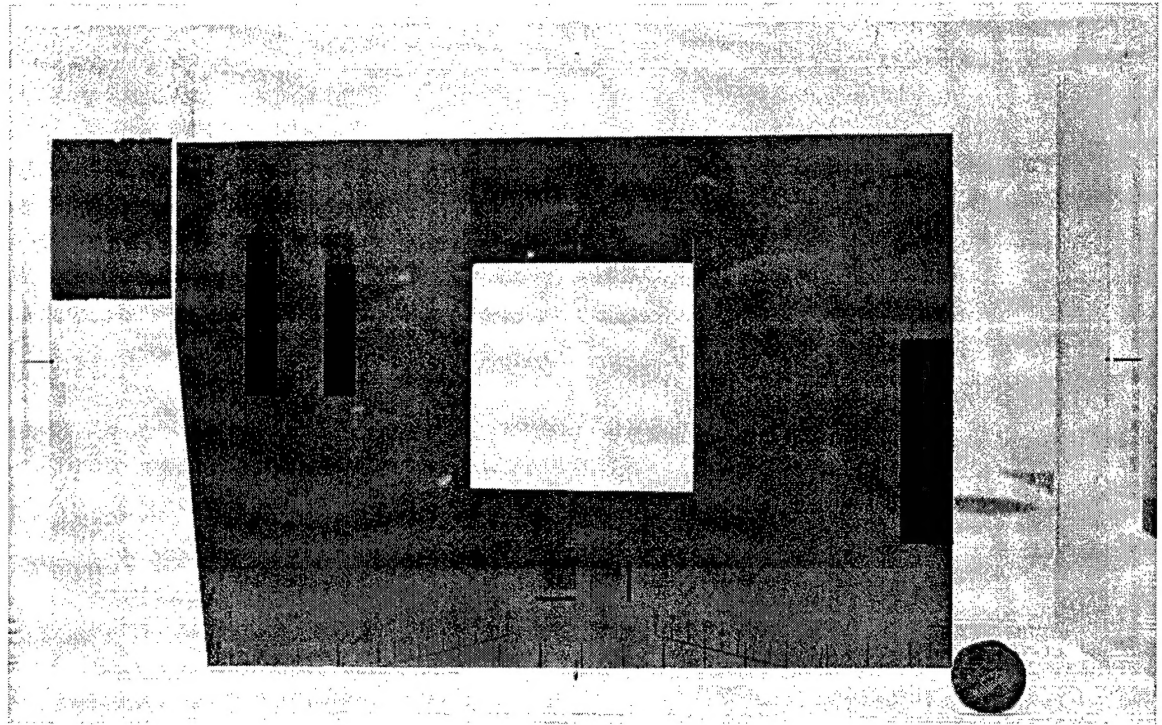
The purpose of this study is to determine which physical operating characteristics for obtaining the DEI images to provide the optimum image for breast cancer imaging. This determination will be based on expert observer studies. The results will then be used as the design specifications for a compact source. The Hypothesis is that there is a set of operating characteristics that will provide optimal visibility of the mammographic features of breast cancer. The specific aims of this proposal are to determine the physical characteristics of the acquisition of DEI images for breast imaging. There are numerous parameter values for collection of DEI images and design specifications of a compact source for breast imaging depend upon what these values are. An observer study is proposed which will allow expert radiologists to score DEI images obtained with different acquisition parameter values. From this study, we can determine the optimal design specifications for a clinically useful breast imaging system.

## BODY

Numerous images of tissue samples and phantoms have been taken using the DEI technique, but the optimal imaging parameters have not been determined. Determining these parameters is a necessary step in the characterization of DEI and the future development of a clinically based system. The imaging parameters being studied are: the imaging energy, the crystal reflection, and the location on the rocking curve. Data obtained from this experiment will be used to determine the optimal imaging parameters for subsequent DEI experiments.

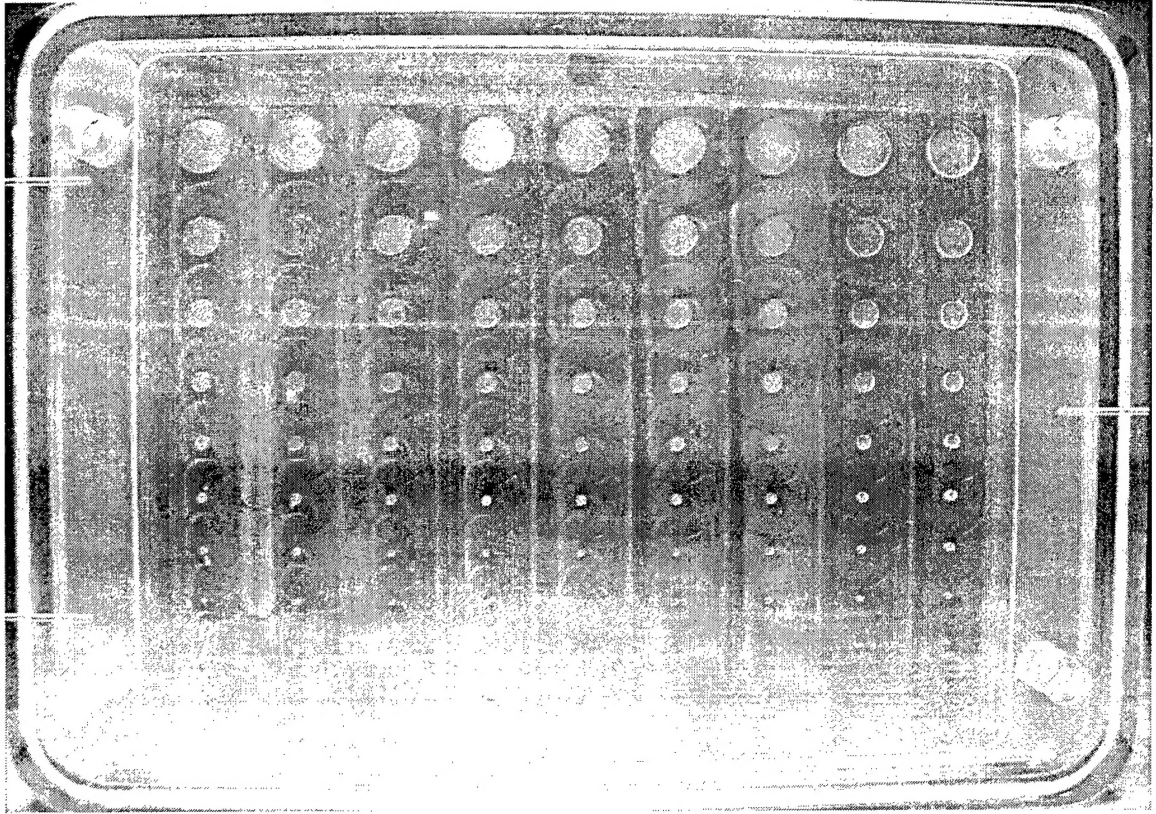
The first two sections of this project were completed using breast tissue samples. These images were processed and prepared for a reader study to determine the optimal parameters for DEI. However, further analysis of these images revealed that breast tissue specimens did not provide the data necessary to fully characterize the effect of the parameters on image quality. We learned from this initial experiment that the information needed could be more accurately quantified using breast imaging phantoms. Two phantoms were selected and for imaging at the National Synchrotron Light Source (NSLS).

The phantoms being used for the experiment are the International Digital Mammography Development Group Phantom (IDMDG) phantom and the Contrast-Detail (CD) phantom. The level of detail in these phantoms make them well suited for DEI imaging and provide the statistical data necessary to determine the optimal imaging parameters. The IDMDG phantom contains several regions of interest that will help to demonstrate the resolution of DEI. For example, one of the regions includes a series of 14 clusters each containing 6 specs. Close inspection of the specs demonstrates they are actually stars. These details are difficult to observe in conventional radiography, but it is believed that they will be clearly seen using DEI. These regions simulate calcifications and will provide valuable data as to the optimal configuration for their visualization.



IDMDG Phantom

The CD Phantom has a 9 x 10 grid of circles that gradually decrease in size and contrast. This phantom contains essentially one region of interest; the reader will state the smallest circle that can be clearly seen. This phantom is well suited for determining the optimal imaging parameters because it is a standardized grid that provides valuable information on both decreasing size and contrast. The CD phantom provides a defined scale for determining the full resolving capability of the modality, a characteristic that available breast tissue samples lack.



CD Phantom

The first step in the experiment was the acquisition of sample images. The experimental specimens were imaged through two distinct mechanisms: standard digital mammography using the UNC Fischer digital mammography system, and diffraction enhanced imaging at the National Synchrotron Light Source (NSLS) at Brookhaven National Labs (BNL).

These steps have been completed for the phantoms, and the reader study is being prepared at this time. The use of phantoms makes it possible for persons other than radiologists to evaluate the images. Given the nature of the experiment, both radiologists and physicists experienced in reading phantoms will be included. Twenty readers, all trained in the interpretation of phantoms through their participation in prior studies, will participate in this study. Readers will be asked to rate the sharpness and diagnostic detail within regions of interest for the experimental versus the control image.

Image processing is a time consuming but key component of the DEI process. The image processing component is almost complete for the phantom images, and a reader study is slated to begin in January 2002. Given the time necessary for each reader to complete the image set, the reader study will take approximately three months to complete.

Once completed, the data from the observer study will be analyzed by Dr. Keith Muller, UNC Department of Biostatistics. This study is critical for further analysis and characterization of Diffraction Enhanced Imaging. Once optimal parameters are



determined, we will be able to further define the physical characteristics of DEI and more importantly its applications to medical imaging.

## KEY RESEARCH ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- Imaged four breast tissue samples with DEI at each of the selected acquisition parameters.
- Transferred images from synchrotron facility to UNC.
- Applied image enhancements, cropping and registration to each image.
- Preliminary observer evaluation of images.
- Determined that tissue samples did not provide quantitative data needed to evaluate the acquisition parameters.
- Selected two mammographic phantoms that would provide the quantitative data. Contrast Detail phantom and the International Digital Mammography Development Group phantom. This later phantom was developed specifically for evaluation of digital mammography.
- Acquired DEI images of both phantoms at the selected acquisition parameters.
- Acquired digital images of both phantoms as controls.
- Preparing images for observer study.

## REPORTABLE OUTCOMES

Not available at this moment.

## CONCLUSIONS

The experiment is currently in progress with an expected completion date of March 2002. Data analysis will proceed immediately following the completion of the project and is scheduled for completion in June 2002.

## REFERENCES

## APPENDICES

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